



- multiplication

A. Multiply the numbers.

1. $7 \times 3 =$ _____ 2. $4 \times 6 =$ _____ 3. $2 \times 9 =$ _____
 4. $5 \times 8 =$ _____ 5. $6 \times 3 =$ _____ 6. $4 \times 7 =$ _____
 7. $9 \times 4 =$ _____ 8. $5 \times 8 =$ _____ 9. $6 \times 6 =$ _____

B. Use place value to multiply the numbers.

1. $3 \times 1 =$ _____ 2. $7 \times 2 =$ _____
 $3 \times 10 =$ _____ $7 \times 20 =$ _____
 $3 \times 100 =$ _____ $7 \times 200 =$ _____
 $3 \times 1000 =$ _____ $7 \times 2000 =$ _____

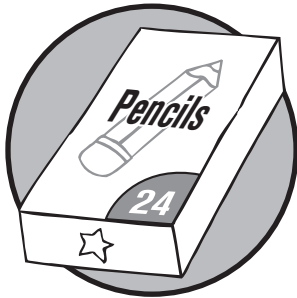
C. Multiply.

1.
$$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 2.
$$\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 5. $49 \times 3 =$ _____
 3.
$$\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 4.
$$\begin{array}{r} 57 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 6. $71 \times 4 =$ _____
 7. $63 \times 2 =$ _____
 8. $38 \times 6 =$ _____
 9. $29 \times 2 =$ _____



D. Find the number of each item. Show your work.

1.



How many pencils are there in 7 boxes?

There are _____ pencils.

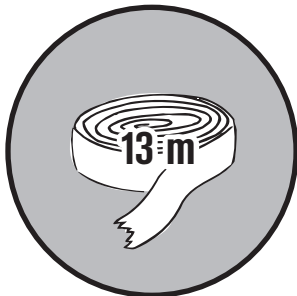
2.



How many correction pens are there in 36 packs?

There are _____ correction pens.

3.



How many metres of ribbon are there in 9 rolls?

There are _____ m of ribbon.



Check the pair of numbers that gives the greatest product.

(A) 82×5

(B) 25×8

(C) 52×8

(D) 85×2



- multiplication

A. Multiply the numbers.

1. $7 \times 3 = \underline{21}$ 2. $4 \times 6 = \underline{24}$ 3. $2 \times 9 = \underline{18}$
 4. $5 \times 8 = \underline{40}$ 5. $6 \times 3 = \underline{18}$ 6. $4 \times 7 = \underline{28}$
 7. $9 \times 4 = \underline{36}$ 8. $5 \times 8 = \underline{40}$ 9. $6 \times 6 = \underline{36}$

B. Use place value to multiply the numbers.

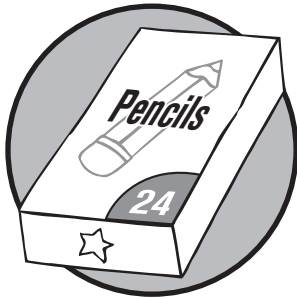
1. $3 \times 1 = \underline{3}$ 2. $7 \times 2 = \underline{14}$
 $3 \times 10 = \underline{30}$ $7 \times 20 = \underline{140}$
 $3 \times 100 = \underline{300}$ $7 \times 200 = \underline{1400}$
 $3 \times 1000 = \underline{3000}$ $7 \times 2000 = \underline{14000}$

C. Multiply.

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <p>1. $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \boxed{81} \end{array}$</p> | <p>2. $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \boxed{148} \end{array}$</p> | <p>5. $49 \times 3 = \underline{147}$</p> |
| <p>3. $\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \boxed{130} \end{array}$</p> | <p>4. $\begin{array}{r} 57 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \boxed{456} \end{array}$</p> | <p>6. $71 \times 4 = \underline{284}$</p> |
| | | <p>7. $63 \times 2 = \underline{126}$</p> |
| | | <p>8. $38 \times 6 = \underline{228}$</p> |
| | | <p>9. $29 \times 2 = \underline{58}$</p> |

D. Find the number of each item. Show your work.

1.



How many pencils are there in 7 boxes?

$$24 \times 7 = 168$$

There are 168 pencils.

2.

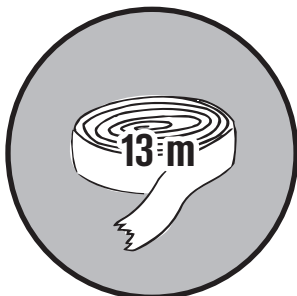


How many correction pens are there in 36 packs?

$$36 \times 2 = 72$$

There are 72 correction pens.

3.



How many metres of ribbon are there in 9 rolls?

$$13 \times 9 = 117$$

There are 117 m of ribbon.



Check the pair of numbers that gives the greatest product.

(A) 82×5

(B) 25×8

(C) 52×8

(D) 85×2