Section 1 Listening Comprehension	
Unit 1 The Monarch Butterfly	6 – 9
Unit 2 Leonardo da Vinci – Artist and Visionary	10 – 13
Unit 3 English – the Language of the World	14 – 17
Unit 4 The Great Pyramid of Ancient Egypt	18 – 21
Unit 5 Thomas Edison – the Greatest Inventor in History	22 – 25
Review 1	26 – 31
Section 2 Grammar	>
Unit 1 Parts of Speech	34 – 37
Unit 2 Personal, Indefinite, and Relative Pronouns	38 – 41
Unit 3 Verb Tenses	42 – 45
Unit 4 Progressive Tenses	46 – 49
Unit 5 Verbals	50 – 53

Unit 6 Phrases	54 – 57
Unit 7 More on Phrases	58 – 61
Unit 8 Active and Passive Voice	62 – 65
Unit 9 Direct and Indirect Speech	66 – 69
Unit 10 The Mood of Sentences	70 – 73
Unit 11 Clauses	74 – 77
Unit 12 Sentences	78 – 81
Unit 13 Punctuation	82 – 85
Unit 14 More on Punctuation	86 – 89
Review 2	90 – 95
Section 3 Vocabulary	
Unit 1 Computer Words	98 – 101
Unit 2 Measurement Words	102 – 105
Unit 3 Physical Activity Words	106 – 109
Unit 4 Fantasy Words	110 – 113

Contents 6

Unit 5 Hockey Words	114 – 117
Unit 6 Book Words	118 – 121
Unit 7 Geography Words	122 – 125
Unit 8 Dessert Words	126 – 129
Unit 9 Baseball Words	130 – 133
Unit 10 Constellation Words	134 – 137
Unit 11 Charity Words	138 – 141
Unit 12 Sustainability Words	142 – 145
Unit 13 Carnival Words	146 – 149
Unit 14 Accessory Words	150 – 153
Review 3	154 – 159

Section 4	Reading and Writing
Unit 1 The Gordian	162 – 165 Knot
Unit 2 Dandelion	166 – 169
Unit 3 The Bully	170 – 173

Unit 4 The Beauties and the Boastful King	174 – 177
Unit 5 Andromeda and Perseus	178 – 181
Unit 6 Super Boys	182 – 185
Unit 7 The Purrrfect Fundraiser	186 – 189
Unit 8 Rainforest Animals	190 – 193
Unit 9 Pocahontas	194 – 197
Unit 10 The Brothers Grimm	198 – 201
Unit 11 Guinness World Records	202 – 205
Unit 12 C. S. Lewis's Dedication to Education	206 – 209
Unit 13 Kelly's Blog	210 – 213
Unit 14 All about Good Food!	214 – 217
Review 4	218 – 223
Listening Scripts	225 – 230
Answers	231 – 256
Language Games	257 – 272

Guinness World Records

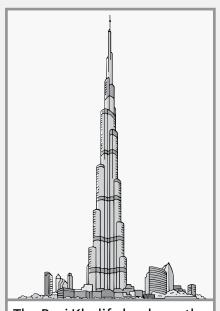
Guinness

Guinness World Records – *The Guinness World Records* is a reference book that lists world records achieved by people and those found in nature. In the early 1950s, the managing director of the Guinness Brewery (established by Arthur Guinness in 1759), Sir Hugh Beaver, found himself involved, on more than one occasion, in arguments about trivial facts. It occurred to him that pub patrons everywhere were disputing facts on a variety of topics and that a book that could offer definitive answers to such arguments would be a useful reference. He also realized that such a book would be a great promotional idea, so he planned to publish it and make it available to publicensees everywhere.

In 1954, Beaver approached the McWhirter brothers, who owned a fact-finding company in London, to gather facts for what became *The Guinness Book of Records*. It took over a year of painstaking research to compile and verify the information and in 1955, the first copy, a 198-page edition, was published. It became an instant bestseller and the No. 1 selling book in Britain that year. *The Guinness World Records*, as it is known today, is now sold in more than 100 countries in over 40 languages with sales of over 140 million copies.

Some world records include:

- Jyoti Kisanji Amge is the shortest living woman in the world, standing at 62.8 cm.
- The largest pizza was made in Italy with a total surface area of 1261.65 m².
- The oldest human to ever live was Jeanne Louise Calment of France, who was 122 years and 164 days old when she died in 1997.
- The bulldog ant in Australia is the world's most dangerous ant. It has killed at least three people since 1936 with its venomous bite.
- The Burj Khalifa in Dubai is the tallest building in the world at 828 m tall.



The Burj Khalifa has been the tallest building since 2008.

A. Circle the answers.

1. Who created *The Guinness* World Records?

Arthur Guinness

Jyoti Kisanji Amge

Sir Hugh Beaver

2. Who were disputing facts on random topics?

pub patrons

pub owners

pub licensees

3. When was the first *The Guinness Book of Records* published?

in 1759

in 1936

in 1955

4. Where can you find the bulldog ant?

in London

in Italy

in Australia

B. Answer the questions.





A caption is a brief title or explanation of a picture or an illustration.

2.	Why did S	Sir Hugh Bea	er think that	a reference book	was a good idea?
----	-----------	--------------	---------------	------------------	------------------

- 3. What happened when *The Guinness Book of Records* was published in 1955?
- 4. Is the bulldog ant an achievement of humans or nature?
- 5. What record does the Burj Khalifa make?

C. Label the encyclopedia entry. Then answer the questions.

caption explanation heading diagram entry label

Parts of an

Encyclopedia Entry

telescope

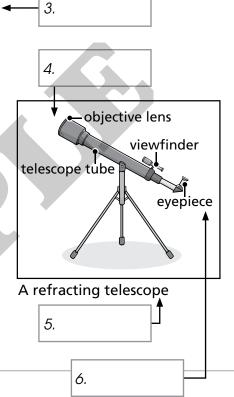
2.

telescope = A telescope is an instrument used to

telescope – A telescope is an instrument used to observe objects from far away. It is typically used by astronomers and scientists to observe and study objects in space.

The first telescope was invented in 1608 by a Dutch lensmaker named Hans Lippershey. In 1609, Galileo Galilei improved upon the original telescope and built his own, and subsequently discovered the four largest moons of Jupiter (Io, Europa, Ganymede, and Callisto).

These days, there are many types of telescopes: radio telescope, X-ray telescope, refracting telescope, and reflecting telescope.



- 7. How does the diagram help readers learn more about the telescope?
- 8. What other images could have been used in this encyclopedia entry?
- 9. Research the telescope and write an additional piece of information to include in the entry.

D. Write your own encyclopedia entry.



Your entry can be about anything. Make sure to include a heading, an entry, a brief explanation, and some type of visual aid, like a chart, graph, diagram, or picture.



voras	that I Have Learned	