

Contents

Section I

Overview	5
1. Addition and Subtraction	6
2. 4-digit Numbers	10
3. Multiplication	12
4. Division	16
5. More about Multiplication and Division	20
Midway Review	22
6. Money	26
7. Measurement	30
8. Fractions and Decimals	32
9. Probability	36
10. Graphs	38
Final Review	42

Section II

Overview	47
1. Introducing Multiplication	48
2. Multiplying by 2 or 5	52
3. Multiplying by 3 or 4	56
4. Multiplying by 6 or 7	60
5. Multiplication Facts to 49	64
6. Multiplying by 8, 9, 0 or 1	68
7. More Multiplying	72
8. Introducing Division	76
Midway Review	80
9. Multiplication and Division Fact Families	84
10. Dividing by 1, 2 or 3	88
11. Dividing by 4 or 5	92
12. Dividing by 6 or 7	96
13. Dividing by 8 or 9	100
14. Division with Remainders	104
15. More Dividing	108
16. More Multiplying and Dividing	112
Final Review	116

Section III

Overview	121
Review	122
1. Numbers to 100	126

2.	Addition and Subtraction	130
3.	Multiplication	134
4.	Measurement I	138
5.	Geometry I	142
6.	Division	146
7.	Data Management	150
	Progress Test	154
8.	Numbers to 1000	158
9.	Measurement II	162
10.	More about Addition and Subtraction	166
11.	Geometry II	170
12.	Patterning	174
13.	Fractions	178
14.	Probability	182
	Final Test	186

Section IV

	Overview	193
1.	Numeration	194
2.	Addition and Subtraction	196
3.	Multiplication	200
4.	Division	204
5.	Fractions	208
6.	Money	212
	Midway Review	216
7.	Capacity and Mass	220
8.	Length	224
9.	Patterns	228
10.	Geometry	232
11.	Pictographs	236
12.	Bar Graphs	238
	Final Review	240
	Parents' Guide	245
	Answers	249

8

Introducing Division

EXAMPLE

There are 8 cakes. Put them on the plates in groups of 2. How many plates are needed?



Circle the cakes in groups of 2.

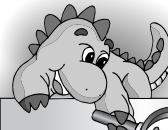
How many cakes are there? 8 cakes.

How many cakes in each group? 2 cakes.

How many groups are there? 4 groups.

There are 4 groups of two in 8.

4 plates are needed for 8 cakes with 2 cakes on each plate.



HINTS:

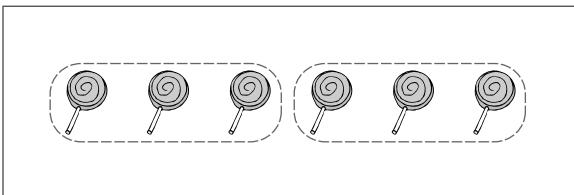
- Division is to share things equally into groups of the same size.
- " \div " means DIVIDE.
- Use a division sentence to represent division.
e.g. 4 groups of two in eight is expressed as:

$$8 \div 2 = 4$$

↑ dividend ↑ divisor ↑ quotient

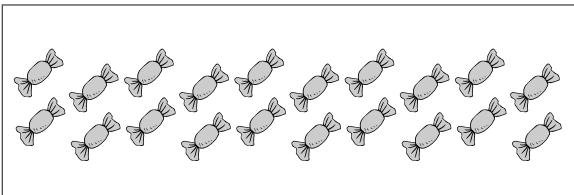
Group the goodies and complete each statement.

①



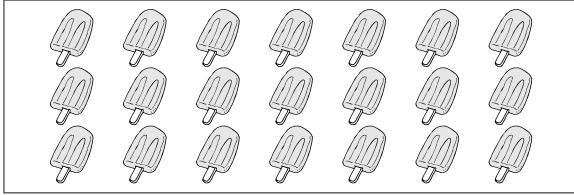
There are 2 groups of three in 6.

③



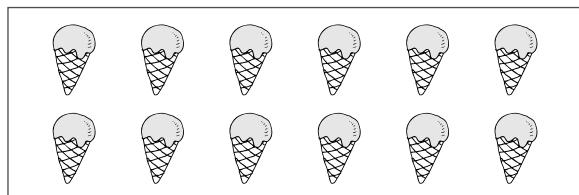
There are _____ groups of five in 20.

⑤



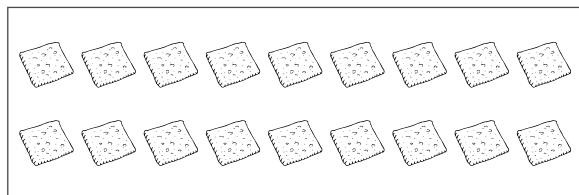
There are _____ groups of three in 21.

②



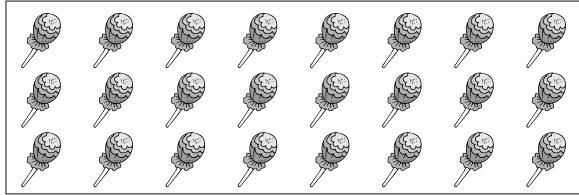
There are _____ groups of four in 12.

④



There are _____ groups of two in 18.

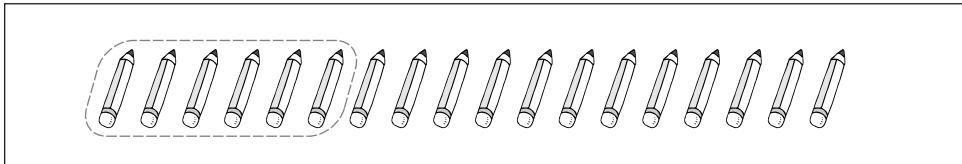
⑥



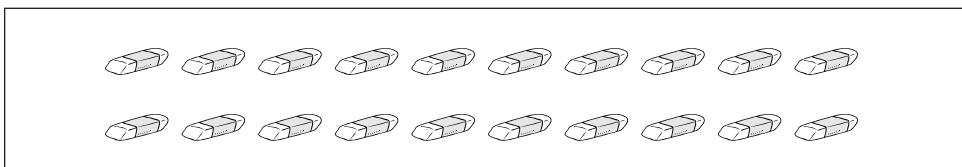
There are _____ groups of six in 24.

Help the children divide the stationery equally among themselves. Complete each statement.

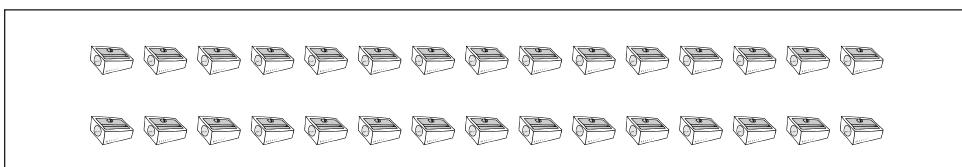
- ⑦ Divide 18  equally among 3 children. Each child has _____ .



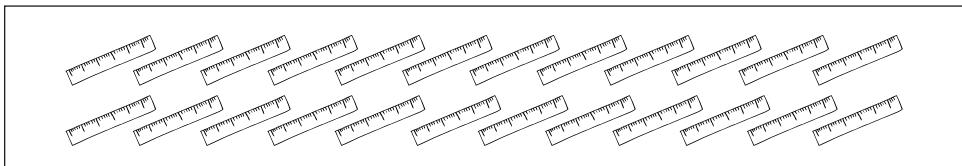
- ⑧ Divide 20  equally among 4 children. Each child has _____ .



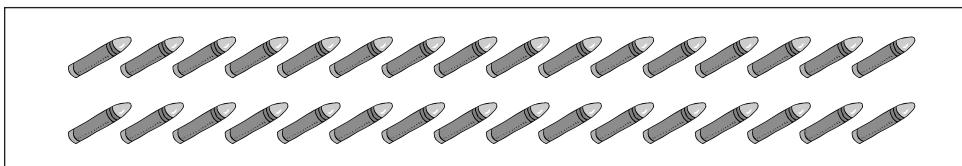
- ⑨ Divide 30  equally among 5 children. Each child has _____ .



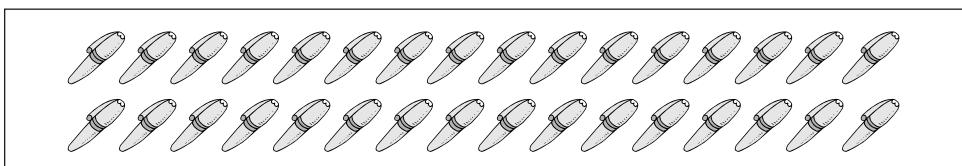
- ⑩ Divide 24  equally among 6 children. Each child has _____ .



- ⑪ Divide 32  equally among 4 children. Each child has _____ .

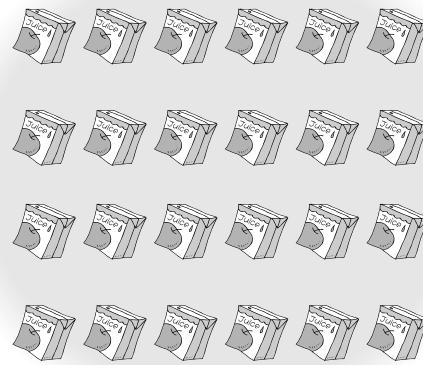


- ⑫ Divide 32  equally among 6 children. Each child has _____  with _____  left over.

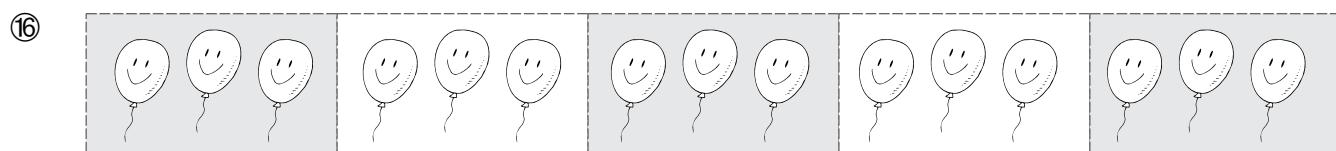


Aunt Mary has 24 boxes of juice. Fill in the blanks to show how she divides the juice equally among the children.

- ⑬ If each child gets 3 boxes, the juice can be shared among _____ children.
- ⑭ If each child gets 4 boxes, the juice can be shared among _____ children.
- ⑮ If each child gets 5 boxes, the juice can be shared among _____ children with _____ boxes left over.



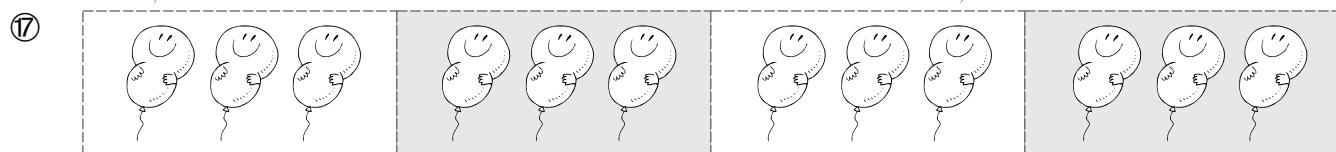
Complete the division sentence for each picture.



Put 15 into 5 bunches. Each bunch has _____ .

$$15 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$$

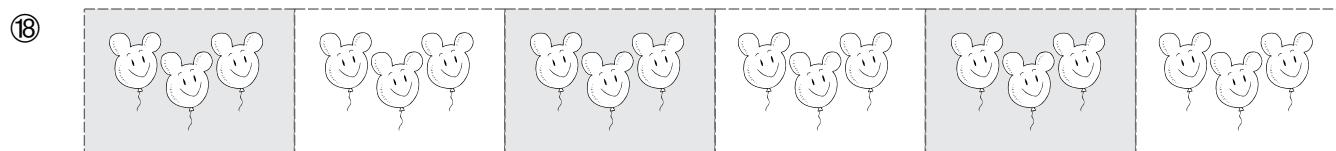
15 divided into 5 bunches makes _____ in each bunch.



Put 12 into 4 bunches. Each bunch has _____ .

$$12 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$$

12 divided into 4 bunches makes _____ in each bunch.



Put 18 into bunches of 3 . There are _____ bunches.

$$18 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

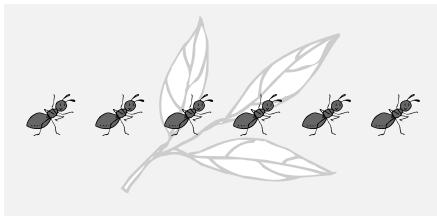
18 divided into bunches of 3 makes _____ bunches.

Count and complete the division sentence for each picture.

⑯ 6 divided into 2 equal groups.

$$\underline{6} \div \underline{2} = \underline{\quad}$$

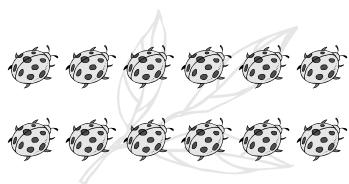
There are 3 in each group.



⑰ 10 divided into groups of 4.

$$\underline{10} \div \underline{4} = \underline{\quad}$$

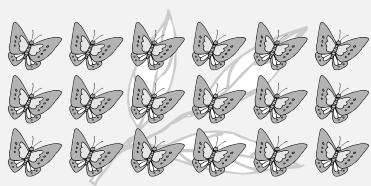
There are 2 groups of .



⑱ 15 divided into 3 equal groups.

$$\underline{15} \div \underline{3} = \underline{\quad}$$

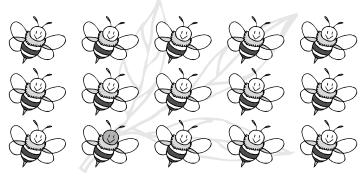
There are 5 in each group.



⑲ 20 divided into groups of 5.

$$\underline{20} \div \underline{5} = \underline{\quad}$$

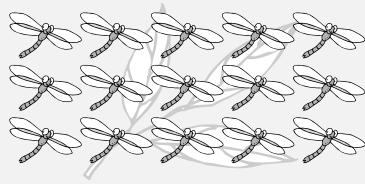
There are 4 groups of .



⑳ 18 divided into groups of 3.

$$\underline{18} \div \underline{3} = \underline{\quad}$$

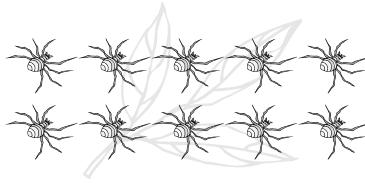
There are 6 groups of .



㉑ 25 divided into 5 equal groups.

$$\underline{25} \div \underline{5} = \underline{\quad}$$

There are 5 in each group.



Fill in the missing numbers to continue the multiplication.

The number in each box is the product of the multiplication sentence on the left of →.

① $2 \times 3 \longrightarrow \boxed{\quad} \times 4 \longrightarrow \boxed{\quad} \times 0 \longrightarrow \boxed{\quad}$

② $3 \times 3 \longrightarrow \boxed{\quad} \times 5 \longrightarrow \boxed{\quad} \times 1 \longrightarrow \boxed{\quad}$